Technical data 2CDC508136D0202

ABB i-bus[®] KNX Fan Coil Actuator, PWM, MDRC FCA/S 1.1.1.2, 2CDG110195R0011



Product description

The device is a modular installation device (MDRC) in Pro M design. It is intended for installation in distribution boards on 35 mm mounting rails. The assignment of the physical addresses as well as the parameterization is carried out with ETS.

The device is powered via the ABB i-bus[®] KNX and requires no additional auxiliary voltage supply. The device is ready for operation after connecting the bus voltage.



Technical data

Supply	Bus voltage	2132 V DC
	Current consumption, bus	< 12 mA
	Leakage loss, bus	Maximum 250 mW
	Leakage loss, device	Maximum 3.05 W*
*The maximum power consumption of the device	KNX connection	0.25 W
results from the following specifications:	Relay 16 A	1.0 W
	Relay 6 A	0.6 W
	Electronic outputs	1.2 W
Connections	KNX	Via bus connection terminal
	Inputs/Outputs	Via screw terminals
Connection terminals	Screw terminal	Screw terminal with universal head (PZ 1)
		0.24 mm ² stranded, 2 x (0.22.5 mm ²)
		0.26 mm² single core, 2 x (0.24 mm²)
	Ferrules without/with plastic sleeves	Without: 0.252.5 mm ²
		With: 0.254 mm ²
	TWIN ferrules	0.52.5 mm ²
		Contact pin length min. 10mm
	Tightening torque	Maximum 0.6 Nm
	Grid	6.35
Operating and display elements	Button/LED 💶 •	For assignment of the physical address
	Button 😂 /, LED 😞	For toggling between manual operation/
Protection		operation via ABB i-bus® KNX and displays To DIN EN 60 529
Protection class	IP 20	
Isolation category	Overvoltage category	III to DIN EN 60 664-1
KNX asfatu autra law valtaga	Pollution degree SELV 24 V DC	II to DIN EN 60 664-1
KNX safety extra low voltage		-5 °C+45 °C
Temperature range	Operation	-5 °C+45 °C -25 °C+70 °C
	Transport	-25 °C+55 °C
	Storage	
Ambient conditions	Temperatures exceeding +45 °C reduce the service	
	Maximum air humidity	93%, no condensation allowed
Design	Modular installation device (MDRC) Dimensions	Modular installation device, ProM 108 x 90 x 64.5 mm (H x W x D)
		6 x 18 mm modules
	Mounting width in space units	64.5 mm
Mounting	Mounting depth	To DIN EN 60 715
Installation position	On 35 mm mounting rail Any	
Weight	0.3 kg	
Housing/color	Plastic housing, gray	
	KNX to EN 50 090-1, -2	Certification
Approvals		
CE mark	In accordance with the EMC guideline and low voltage guideline	

Device type	Application	Max. number of	Max. number of	Max. number of
		communication objects	group addresses	assignments
FCA/S 1.1.1.2	Fan Coil Actuator PWM/*	70	254	255

*...= Current version number of the application. Please refer to the software information on our website for this purpose.

Note

For a detailed description of the application see *Fan Coil Actuators FCA/S* product manual. It is available free-of-charge at *www.abb.com/knx*.

ETS and the current version of the device application are required for programming.

The current version of the application is available on the Internet for download at *www.abb.com/knx*. After import into ETS, it appears in the *Catalogs* window under *Manufacturers/ABB/Heating*, *Ventilation, Air Conditioning/Fan Coil Actuator PWM*.

The device does not support the locking function of a KNX device in ETS. If you use a *BCU code* to inhibit access to all the project devices, it has no effect on this device. Data can still be read and programmed.

Outputs, valve (thermoelectric, PWM)

Rated values	Quantity	4, non-isolated, short-circuit proofed
	U _n rated voltage	24230 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	I _n rated current (per output pair)	0.5 A
	Continuous current	0.5 A resistive load at $\rm T_{\!_u}$ up to 20 $^{\circ}\rm C$
		0.3 A resistive load at $\rm T_{\!\scriptscriptstyle u}$ up to 60 $^{\circ}\rm C$
	Starting current	Maximum 1.6 A, 10 s at $T_{_{\rm u}}$ up to 60 °C
		T_u = ambient temperature
	Minimum load	0.5 VA per PWM output

Outputs, valve (motor-driven, 3-point)

Quantity	2, non-isolated, short-circuit proofed
J _n rated voltage	24230 V AC (50/60 Hz)
, rated current (per output pair)	0.5 A
Continuous current	0.5 A resistive load at $\rm T_{\!_{u}}$ up to 20 $^{\circ}\rm C$
	0.3 A resistive load at $\rm T_{\!_{u}}$ up to 60 $^{\circ}\rm C$
Starting current	Maximum 1.6 A, 10 s at T _u up to 60 °C
	T_{μ} = ambient temperature
Vinimum load	0.5 VA per PWM output
	J _n rated voltage , rated current (per output pair) Continuous current Starting current

Inputs		
Rated values	Quantity	3
Contact scanning		Floating
	Scanning current	1 mA
	Scanning voltage	10 V
Resistance		PT100 2-conductor technology,
		PT1000 2-conductor technology,
		A selection of KT/KTY 1,000/2,000, user-defined
	Resolution, accuracy and tolerances	See next page
Cable length	Between sensor and device input	Maximum 30 m, simple

Resolution and accurancy and tolerances

Please note that the tolerances of the sensors which are used will need to be added to the listed values.

With sensors based on resistance measurement, it is also necessary to consider the cable error.

In the supplied state of the device, the stated accuracies will not be initially achieved. After initial commissioning, the device performs an autonomous calibration of the analogue measurement circuit. This calibration takes about an hour and is performed in the background. It is undertaken regardless of whether or not the device is parameterized and is independent of the connected sensors. The normal function of the device is not affected. After calibration has been completed, the calibration values which have been determined will be stored in the non-volatile memory. Thereafter, the device will achieve this level of accuracy every time it is switched on. If the calibration is interrupted by programming or bus voltage failure, it will recommence every time it is restarted. The ongoing calibration is displayed in the status byte by a 1 in bit 4.

Resistance signals

Sensor signal	Resolution	Accuracy	Accuracy	Accuracy	Remark
		at 25 °C T _u * ³	at 050 °C T _u *³	at -2070 °C T _u *3	
PT100*4	0.01 ohms	±0.15 ohm	±0.2 ohms	±0.25 ohm	0.1 ohm = 0.25 °C
PT1000*4	0.1 ohms	±1.5 ohms	±2.0 ohms	±2.5 ohms	1 ohm = 0.25 °C
KT/KTY 1,000*4	1 ohm	±2.5 ohms	±3.0 ohms	±3.5 ohms	1 ohm = 0.125 °C/at 25 °C
KT/KTY 2,000*4	1 ohm	±5 ohms	±6.0 ohms	±7.0 ohms	1 ohm = 0.064 °C/at 25 °C

 \star_3 in addition to current measured value at ambient temperature (T_,)

*4 incl. cable and sensor errors

PT100

The PT100 is precise and exchangeable but subject to faults in the cables (cable resistance and heating of the cables). A terminal resistance of just 200 milliohms causes a temperature error of 0.5 °C.

PT1000

The PT1000 responds just like the PT100, but the influences of cable errors are lower by a factor of 10. Use of this sensor is preferred.

KT/KTY

The KT/KTY has a low level of accuracy, can only be exchanged under certain circumstances and can only be used for very simple applications.

Please note that there are different tolerance classes for the sensors in the versions PT100 and PT1000. The table indicates the individual classes according to IEC 60 751 (date: 2008):

Description	Tolerance
Class AA	0.10 °C + (0.0017 x t)
Class A	0.15 °C + (0.002 x t)
Class B	0.30 °C + (0.005 x t)
Class C	0.60 °C + (0.01 x t)
t = Current temperature	

Example for class B:

At 100 °C, the deviations of the measurement value are reliable up to \pm 0.8 °C

Fan rated current 6 A

Rated values	Number	3 contacts
	U _{n1} rated voltage	250/440VAC (50/60 Hz)
	In1 rated current (per output)	6 A
Switching currents	AC3* operation (cos φ = 0.45) to DIN EN 60 947-4-1	6 A/230 V
	AC1*operation (cos ϕ = 0.8) to DIN EN 60 947 4-1	6 A/230 V
	Fluorescent lighting load to DIN EN 60 669-1	6 A/250 V (35 μF) ¹⁾
	Minimum switching capacity	20 mA/5 V
		10 mA/12 V
		7 mA/24 V
	DC current switching capacity (resistive load)	6 A/24 V=
Service life	Mechanical service life	> 107
	Electronic endurance of switching contacts to DIN IEC 60 947-4-1	
	AC1* (240 V/cos ϕ = 0.8)	> 10 ⁵
	AC3* (240 V/cos φ = 0.45)	> 1.5 x 10 ⁴
	AC5a* (240 V/cos ϕ = 0.45)	> 1.5 x 10 ⁴
Switching times ²⁾	Maximum relay position change per output and minute if only one relay is switched.	2,683

¹⁾ The maximum inrush current peak may not be exceeded.

²⁾ The specifications apply only after the bus voltage has been applied to the device for at least 10 seconds. Typical delay of the relay is approx. 20 ms.

*What do the terms AC1, AC3 and AC5a mean?

In intelligent installation systems, different switching capacities and performance specifications that are dependent on the special applications, have become established in domestic and industrial installations. These performance specifications are rooted in the respective national and international standards. The tests are defined to simulate typical applications, e.g. motor loads (industrial) or fluorescent lamps (residential).

Specifications AC1 and AC3 are switching performance specifications which have become established in the industrial field.

Typical application:

AC1 - Non-inductive or slightly inductive load, resistive furnaces (relates to switching of ohmic/resistive loads)

AC3 - Squirrel-cage motors: starting, switching off motors during running (relates to (inductive) motor load)

AC5a – Switching of electric discharge lamps

These switching performances are defined in the standard EN 60947-4-1 *Contactors and motor-starters - Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters*.

The standard describes starters and/or contactors that were originally used primarily in industrial applications.

Fan lamp load 6 A

Lamps	Incandescent lamp load	1,200 W
Fluorescent lamps T5/T8	Uncompensated	800 W
	Parallel compensated	300 W
	DUO circuit	350 W
Low-voltage halogen lamps	Inductive transformer	800 W
	Electronic transformer	1,000 W
	Halogen lamps 230 V	1,000 W
Dulux lamp	Uncompensated	800 W
	Parallel compensated	800 W
Mercury-vapor lamp	Uncompensated	1,000 W
	Parallel compensated	800 W
Switching capacity (switching contact)	Maximum peak inrush-current I $_{\rm p}$ (150 μ s)	200 A
	Maximum peak inrush-current I $_{ m p}$ (250 μ s)	160 A
	Maximum peak inrush-current I_p (600 µs)	100 A
Number of electronic ballasts (T5/T8, single element) ¹⁾	18 W (ABB EVG 1 x 18 SF)	10
	24 W (ABB EVG-T5 1 x 24 CY)	10
	36 W (ABB EVG 1 x 36 CF)	7
	58 W (ABB EVG 1 x 58 CF)	5
	80 W (Helvar EL 1 x 80 SC)	3

¹⁾ For multiple element lamps or other types, the number of electronic ballasts must be determined using the peak inrush current of the ballasts.

Output, rated current 16 A

Rated values	Quantity	1
	U _{n2} rated voltage	250/440 V AC (50/60 Hz)
	In2 rated current	16 A
Switching currents	AC3* operation (cos φ = 0.45) to DIN EN 60 947-4-1	8 A/230 V
	AC1* operation (cos ϕ = 0.8) to DIN EN 60 947 4-1	16 A/230 V
	Fluorescent lighting load AX as per EN 60 669-1	16 A/250 V (70 μF)1)
	Minimum switching capacity	100 mA/12 V
		100 mA/24 V
	DC current switching capacity (resistive load)	16 A/24 V
Service life	Mechanical service life	> 3 x 10 ⁶
	Electronic endurance of switching contacts to DIN IEC 60 947-4-1	
	AC1* (240 V/cos ϕ = 0.8)	> 10 ⁵
Switching times ²⁾	Maximum relay position change per output and minute if only one relay is switched.	313

¹⁾ The maximum inrush current peak may not be exceeded.

²⁾ The specifications apply only after the bus voltage has been applied to the device for at least 10 seconds. Typical delay of the relay is approx. 20 ms.

*What do the terms AC1, AC3 and AC5a mean?

In intelligent installation systems, different switching capacities and performance specifications that are dependent on the special applications, have become established in domestic and industrial installations. These performance specifications are rooted in the respective national and international standards. The tests are defined to simulate typical applications, e.g. motor loads (industrial) or fluorescent lamps (residential).

Specifications AC1 and AC3 are switching performance specifications which have become established in the industrial field.

Typical application:

AC1 - Non-inductive or slightly inductive load, resistive furnaces (relates to switching of ohmic/resistive loads)

AC3 - Squirrel-cage motors: starting, switching off motors during running (relates to (inductive) motor load)

AC5a - Switching of electric discharge lamps

These switching performances are defined in the standard EN 60947-4-1 Contactors and motor-starters - Electromechanical contactors and motor-starters.

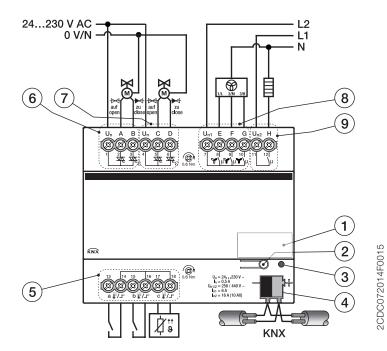
The standard describes starters and/or contactors that were originally used primarily in industrial applications.

Output, lamp load 16 A

Lamps	Incandescent lamp load	2,500 W
Fluorescent lamps T5/T8	Uncompensated	2,500 W
	Parallel compensated	1,500 W
	DUO circuit	1,500 W
Low-voltage halogen lamps	Inductive transformer	1,200 W
	Electronic transformer	1,500 W
	Halogen lamps 230 V	2,500 W
Dulux lamp	Uncompensated	1,100 W
	Parallel compensated	1,100 W
Mercury-vapor lamp	Uncompensated	2,000 W
	Parallel compensated	2,000 W
Switching capacity (switching contact)	Maximum peak inrush-current I _p (150 μ s)	400 A
	Maximum peak inrush-current I_p (250 µs)	320 A
	Maximum peak inrush-current I_p (600 µs)	200 A
Number of electronic ballasts (T5/T8, single element) ¹⁾	18 W (ABB EVG 1 x 18 SF)	23
	24 W (ABB EVG-T5 1 x 24 CY)	23
	36 W (ABB EVG 1 x 36 CF)	14
	58 W (ABB EVG 1 x 58 CF)	11
	80 W (Helvar EL 1 x 80 SC)	10

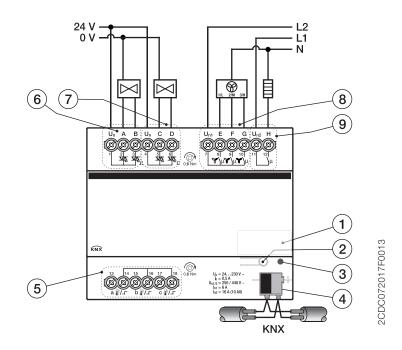
¹⁾ For multiple element lamps or other types the number of electronic ballasts must be determined using the peak inrush current of the ballasts.

Connection schematic (thermoelectric, PWM)



- 1 Label carrier
- 2 Programming button
- 3 Programming LED (red)
- 4 Bus connection terminal
- 5 Inputs a, b, c
- 6 Valve V1 (e.g. heating)
- 7 Valve V2 (e.g. cooling)
- 8 Fan
- 9 Output H

Connection schematic (motor-driven, 3-point)



- 1 Label carrier
- 2 Programming button
- **3** Programming LED (red)
- 4 Bus connection terminal
- 5 Inputs a, b, c
- 6 Valve V1 (e.g. heating)
- 7 Valve V2 (e.g. cooling)
- 8 Fan
- 9 Output H

All outputs can be controlled independently of one another.

The following table provides an overview of the functions possible with the outputs of the Fan Coil Actuator and the application:

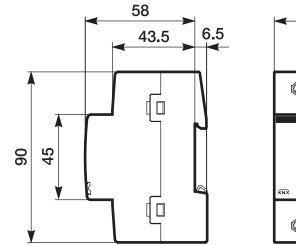
Functions of the output	A	В	С	D
General	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
- Overload	I	•	I	•
- Parallel operation		free		free
Valve drives allocated to the Fan Coil unit				
- Thermoelectric (PWM)		-	-	-
- 1 control value/1 valve		free	free	free
- 2 control values/1 valve		free	free	free
- 2 control values/2 valves		free		free
Setting facilities for valve drives				
- Thermoelectric (PWM)				
- Separate heating/cooling				
- Direction	OPEN/CLOSE	OPEN/CLOSE	OPEN/CLOSE	OPEN/CLOSE
- Motor-driven (3-point)				
- Separate heating/cooling	1	•	1	•
- Direction	OPEN	CLOSE	OPEN	CLOSE
 = Function is supported = Function is not supported ree = Is available and can be used separately 				
Functions of the output	E	F	G	н

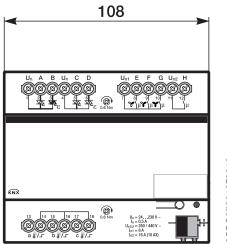
_ L	· ·	u u	П
•			
1	2	3	-
	• • •		L I G I I I I I I I I I

= Function is supported

- = Function is not supported

Dimension drawing





2CDC072016F0013

Contact

ABB STOTZ-KONTAKT GmbH

Eppelheimer Straße 82 69123 Heidelberg, Germany Telefon: +49 (0)6221 701 607 Telefax: +49 (0)6221 701 724 E-Mail: knx.marketing@de.abb.com

Further information and local contacts: www.abb.com/knx

Note:

We reserve the right to make technical changes or modify the contents of this document without prior notice.

The agreed properties are definitive for any orders placed. ABB AG shall not be liable for any consequences arising from errors or incomplete information in this document.

We reserve all rights in this document and in the subject matter and illustrations contained therein. Reproduction, transfer to third parties or processing of the content - including sections thereof - is not permitted without prior expressed written permission from ABB AG.

Copyright© 2015 ABB All rights reserved



